

Attorney Docket No. 0630-1349P  
Application No. 09/986,398  
Substitute Specification  
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Page 1 of 9

## LIGHTING APPARATUS USING MICROWAVES

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

#### 1. Field of the Invention

**[0001]** The present invention relates to a lighting apparatus using microwaves and in particular to a lighting apparatus using microwaves which is capable of emitting lights by applying microwaves an electrodeless bulb.

#### 2. Description of the Conventional Art

**[0002]** A lighting apparatus using microwaves emits visible rays or ultraviolet rays by applying microwaves to an electrodeless bulb, it has longer life span and better lighting effectiveness than a general incandescent lamp or a fluorescent lamp.

**[0003]** Figure 1 is a longitudinal sectional view illustrating an internal structure of a lighting apparatus using microwaves.

**[0004]** A lighting apparatus using microwaves includes a magnetron 1, a waveguide 3 transmitting microwaves from the magnetron 1 to a bulb 5, the bulb 5 emitting light from the plasma generated from the enclosed materials which are excited by the microwave energy transmitted through the waveguide 3, and a resonator 10 placed in front of the waveguide 3 and the bulb 5, excluding the microwaves and transmitting the light emitted from the bulb 5.

**[0005]** Particularly, the resonator 10 has a cylindrical shape and has a metal mesh structure in order to exclude microwaves while transmitting the light emitted from the bulb 5.

Attorney Docket No. 0630-1349P  
Application No. 09/986,398  
Substitute Specification  
Clean Copy

Page 2 of 9

**[0006]** The lighting apparatus using microwaves further includes a high voltage generator 7 for boosting the voltage of an alternating current and supplying it to the magnetron 1, a cooling unit 9 for refrigerating the magnetron 1 and the high voltage generator 7, a reflector 11 intensively reflecting the light emitted from the bulb 5, and a control unit (not shown) controlling various elements including the high voltage generator 7 and the cooling unit 9.

**[0007]** In the lighting apparatus using microwaves, when an operating signal is inputted from the control unit to the high voltage generator 7, the high voltage generator 7 boost the voltage of the AC power and supplies the boosted AC power to the magnetron 1.

**[0008]** The magnetron 1 oscillates due to the high voltage supplied from the high voltage generator 7 and generates microwaves having a very high frequency, the generated microwaves are emitted into the resonator 10 through the waveguide 3, materials enclosed inside the bulb 5 are discharged, accordingly light having an inherent emission spectrum is generated.

**[0009]** The light generated from the bulb 5 is reflected by a mirror 12 and the reflector 11 and lights up a space.

**[0010]** However, in the lighting apparatus using microwaves in accordance with the background art, because the resonator 10 is constructed with a cylindrical metal mesh, most of the light emitted from the bulb 5 transmits through the metal mesh, and part of the light is reflected on the metal mesh and scattered all over the place inside the resonator 10, accordingly there is a limitation in maximizing a lighting efficiency.

**[0011]** In more detail, because the resonator 10 has the cylindrical shape, a focus of the light reflected onto the metal mesh is not fixed and the light is

Attorney Docket No. 0630-1349P  
Application No. 09/986,398  
Substitute Specification  
Clean Copy

Page 3 of 9

reflected intricately and scattered all over the place, accordingly the lighting efficiency is lowered due to the loss of the light.

[0012] In addition, because the resonator 10 projects lengthwise from the front of the waveguide 3, and a large size reflector 11 is required to surround the resonator 10, it is difficult to minimize the size of the lighting system.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0013] In order to solve the above-mentioned problems, it is an object of the present invention to provide a lighting apparatus using microwaves which is capable of improving a lighting efficiency and miniaturizing a lighting system by minimizing a loss of light emitted from a bulb by installing a waveguide inside a resonator and installing a bulb at the center of the resonator.

[0014] In order to achieve the object of the present invention, a lighting apparatus using microwaves includes a resonator transmitting a light but preventing the escape of microwaves, a waveguide placed at an internal domain of the resonator and transmitting the microwaves, a microwave generating means installed at the side of the resonator and transmitting microwaves into the waveguide, and a bulb placed at the center of the resonator and emitting light resulting from a plasma which is excited by the microwaves transmitted through the waveguide.

[0015] Herein, the resonator has a spherical shape, and the waveguide is installed within a radial sector of the resonator.

[0016] The waveguide has a conical shape, the vertex of the waveguide is placed at the center of the resonator, the cover portion of the waveguide is formed

Attorney Docket No. 0630-1349P  
Application No. 09/986,398  
Substitute Specification  
Clean Copy

Page 4 of 9

as a curved surface having a shape the same as the spherical shape of the resonator and is placed so as to correspond to an external extended portion of the resonator.

[0017] The lighting apparatus using microwaves having the microwave generating means further includes a high voltage generator and a casing covering a cooling unit, and the casing is combined and fixed to the cover portion of the waveguide at the external extended portion of the resonator.

[0018] The bulb is placed at the center of the resonator, and the microwave generating means is fixed to the waveguide at the external extended portion of the resonator.

[0019] Further scope of applicability of the present invention will become apparent from the detailed description given hereinafter. However, it should be understood that the detailed description and specific examples, while indicating preferred embodiments of the invention, are given by way of illustration only, since various changes and modifications within the spirit and scope of the invention will become apparent to those skilled in the art from this detailed description.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0020] The present invention will become more fully understood from the detailed description given hereinbelow and the accompanying drawings which are given by way of illustration only, and thus are not limitative of the present invention, and wherein:

[0021] Figure 1 is a longitudinal sectional view illustrating a lighting apparatus using microwaves in accordance with the background art;

Attorney Docket No. 0630-1349P  
Application No. 09/986,398  
Substitute Specification  
Clean Copy

Page 5 of 9

**[0022]** Figure 2 is a longitudinal sectional view illustrating a lighting apparatus using microwaves in accordance with the present invention;

**[0023]** Figure 3 is a plan view illustrating the lighting apparatus of Figure 2 taken along the line of A-A; and

**[0024]** Figures 4A, 4B, and 4C are plan views of other embodiments illustrating shapes of waveguide in accordance with the present invention.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

**[0025]** Hereinafter, a lighting apparatus using microwaves in accordance with the present invention will be described with reference to the accompanying drawings.

**[0026]** There can be a plurality of embodiments of a lighting apparatus using microwaves in accordance with the present invention, hereinafter the most preferable embodiment will be described.

**[0027]** Figure 2 is a longitudinal sectional view illustrating a lighting apparatus using microwaves in accordance with the present invention, and Figure 3 is a plan view illustrating the lighting apparatus of Figure 2 taken along the line of A-A.

**[0028]** As shown in Figure 2, lighting apparatus using microwaves in accordance with the present invention includes a resonator 50 having a metal mesh structure and an opened lower portion, a waveguide 60 inserted into the opened portion of the resonator 50, placed at the internal area 53 of the resonator 50 having a spherical structure and transmitting microwaves, and a casing 70 combined to the bottom portion 62 of the resonator 50 (see also Figure\_3) and the waveguide 60.

**[0029]** A plurality of outwardly extended flange portions 51, 61, 66, 71 are respectively formed at the resonator 50, waveguide 60 and casing 70 and

Attorney Docket No. 0630-1349P  
Application No. 09/986,398  
Substitute Specification  
Clean Copy

Page 6 of 9

adhered tightly by bolts 90 as shown in Figures 2 and 3.

**[0030]** The resonator 50 has a metal mesh structure constructed with a certain size of hole except at the flange portion 51 so as to exclude microwaves and transmit light, and the bulb 80 (also see Figure 3), emitting light resulting from a plasma which is excited by the microwaves transmitted through the waveguide 60, is placed at the center of the sphere shaped resonator 50.

**[0031]** The waveguide 60 has a conical shape having an opened bottom portion 62 and is constructed with a body portion 63 placed inside the resonator 50 and a cover portion 65 formed as a curved surface same as the spherical shape of the resonator 50 and combined to the bottom portion 62 of the body portion 63.

**[0032]** At least one outlet 63a is formed at the inclined plane of the body portion 63 in order to transmit the microwaves transmitted from the magnetron 73 into an internal area 53 of resonator 50.

**[0033]** Particularly, a hollow concave portion 64 of a hemisphere shape is formed in order to make a place for the bulb 80 at the vertex of the waveguide 60.

**[0034]** A reflecting mirror 85 is installed between the bulb 80 and the concave portion 64 in order to reflect light emitted from the bulb 80.

**[0035]** Herein, a reflecting layer coated with materials having reflecting elements can be formed at the external surface of the concave portion 64 of the waveguide 60.

**[0036]** A rotation shaft 77 penetrating the waveguide 60 is connected to the bulb 80, and a bulb motor 78 rotating the bulb 80 is connected to the end portion of the rotation shaft 77 is installed at the bottom surface of the waveguide 60.

**[0037]** The magnetron 73 is installed at the bottom surface 65 of the waveguide 60 inside the casing 70 and oscillates microwaves inside the waveguide 60.

Attorney Docket No. 0630-1349P  
Application No. 09/986,398  
Substitute Specification  
Clean Copy

Page 7 of 9

[0038] A high voltage generator 74 boosting AC current and supplying the boosted AC current to the magnetron 73 is installed at the internal side of the casing 70, and a refrigerating fan 75 and a motor for the refrigerating fan 76 are installed at the lower portion of the casing 70 in order to refrigerate the magnetron 73 and the high voltage generator 74.

[0039] As depicted in Figure 3, four slots 63a' (first slots) with lengths formed in the radius direction and four slots 63a" (second slots) with lengths formed in the circumferential direction are arranged with a certain distance which is the same as in Figure 2. Other elements shown in Figure 3 include resonators 50, waveguide 60, body portion 63, reflecting mirror 85, and bolts 90.

[0040] Figures 4A, 4B, and 4C are plan views of other embodiments illustrating shapes of waveguide in accordance with the present invention.

[0041] As depicted in Figure 4A, in another embodiment of the present invention, three slots 63a' with lengths formed in the radius direction are spaced apart by 120° at the outlet of the waveguide 60.

[0042] As depicted in Figure 4B, in still another embodiment of the present invention, two slots 63a' with lengths formed in the radius direction and one slot 63a" with a length formed in the circumference direction are spaced apart by 120° at the outlet of the waveguide 60.

[0043] As depicted in Figure 4C, in yet still another embodiment of the present invention, three slots 63a' with lengths formed in the radius direction and one slot 63a" with a length formed in the circumference direction are spaced apart by 120° at the outlet of the waveguide 60.

[0044] The operation of the lighting apparatus using microwaves in accordance with the present invention will be described.

Attorney Docket No. 0630-1349P  
Application No. 09/986,398  
Substitute Specification  
Clean Copy

Page 8 of 9

**[0045]** When the magnetron 73 oscillates microwaves, the microwaves are transmitted into the waveguide 60 and are radiated inside the resonator through each outlet.

**[0046]** Herein, the microwaves emitted inside the resonator 50 perform a resonance motion inside the resonator 50, and generate a plasma and an inherent spectrum by exciting the materials enclosed inside the bulb 80

**[0047]** Most of light generated in the bulb 80 and reflected onto the reflecting mirror 85 is emitted in the front through the hole of the resonator 50, part of the light reflected onto the metal mesh of the resonator 50 is concentrated on the center C of the resonator 50 as shown in Figure 2, namely the bulb 80 placed at the focus of the sphere, and is reflected in the front through the reflecting mirror 85, accordingly loss of the light can be reduced.

**[0048]** The lighting apparatus using microwaves in accordance with the present invention is capable of improving a lighting efficiency and miniaturizing a lighting system by minimizing loss of light emitted from a bulb by placing the bulb at the center of a resonator having a spherical shape and installing a waveguide inside the resonator.

**[0049]** The invention being thus described, it will be obvious that the same may be varied in many ways. Such variations are not to be regarded as a departure from the spirit and scope of the invention, and all such modifications as would be obvious to one skilled in the art are intended to be included within the scope of the following claims.